

Katun PN 56200

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex II

Product name: MOLYKOTE® HSC Plus Paste Revision Date: 20.09.2022

Version: 8.0

Date of last issue: 14.02.2022

Print Date: 22.09.2022

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: MOLYKOTE® HSC Plus Paste

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Lubricants and lubricant additives

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

SPECIALTY ELECTRONIC MATERIALS UK LIMITED KINGS COURT, LONDON ROAD STEVENAGE England SG1 2NG UNITED KINGDOM

Manufacturer DuPont Specialty Products GmbH & Co. KG

Customer Information Number: 00800-3876-6838

SDSQuestion-EU@dupont.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: +(44)-870-8200418 **Local Emergency Contact:** +(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard - Category 1 - H400 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 2 - H411 Product name: MOLYKOTE® HSC Plus Paste Revision Date: 20.09.2022

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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: WARNING

Hazard statements

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties (human health):

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Endocrine disrupting properties (environment):

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

PBT and vPvB assessment:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Inorganic and organic compounds, Mixture 3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

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Identification number	Component	Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)	specific concentration limit/ M-Factors/ Acute toxicity estimate	%
CASRN 7440-50-8 EC-No. 231-159-6 Index-No. - REACH No	Copper metal powder	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	M-Factor: 1[Acute] Oral ATE: 500 mg/kg Inhalation ATE: 0.733 mg/l (dust/mist) Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 20.0 - < 25.0 %
CASRN 8012-95-1 EC-No. 232-384-2 Index-No. - REACH No	Paraffin oils	Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Oral ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg Inhalation ATE: > 5 mg/l (dust/mist) Dermal ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg	>= 20.0 - < 30.0 %
CASRN 7440-22-4 EC-No. 231-131-3 Index-No. - REACH No	Silver	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	M-Factor: 10[Acute] 10[Chronic] Oral ATE: > 5,000 mg/kg Inhalation ATE: > 5.16 mg/l (dust/mist) Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 0.25 - < 1.0 %

Substances with a workplace exposure limit

Identification number	Component	Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP)]	Specific Concentration Limits/ M-Factors/ Acute Toxicity Estimate	%
CASRN 7440-31-5 EC-No. 231-141-8 Index-No. - REACH No	Tin	Not classified	Oral ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg Inhalation ATE: > 4.75 mg/l (dust/mist) Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 10.0 - < 20.0 %
CASRN 1317-33-5 EC-No.	Molybdenum disulfide	Not classified	Oral ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	>= 1.0 - < 10.0 %

1317-33-5 EC-No. 215-263-9 Index-No.	,	Dermal ATE: > 2,000 mg/kg	
-			
REACH No			
_			

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Oxides of phosphorus Sulphur oxides Metal oxides Carbon oxides

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

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Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use good personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work area. Wash hands before smoking or eating.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): Information on specific end use(s) of this product may be provided in a technical data sheet/annex to the SDS (if available).

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

applicable.	Domilation .	Toma of listing	Value						
Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value						
Copper metal powder	ACGIH	TWA Dust and mist	1 mg/m3 , Copper						
	ACGIH	TWA Fumes	0.2 mg/m3 , Copper						
	GB EH40	TWA	1 mg/m3 , Copper						
	GB EH40	STEL	2 mg/m3 , Copper						
	GB EH40	TWA	0.2 mg/m3 , Copper						
	This is not the case for exporparticles generated by cher usually after volatilisation from accompanied by a chemical Where no specific short-tenexposure should be used	mical reactions or condensed om melted substances. The g il reaction such as oxidation o m exposure limit is listed, a fig	uld normally be applied to solid from the gaseous state, generation of fume is often r thermal breakdown.; 2: gure three times the long-term						
	GB EH40	TWA Fumes	0.2 mg/m3 , Copper						
	GB EH40	TWA Dusts and mists	1 mg/m3 , Copper						
	GB EH40	STEL Dusts and mists	2 mg/m3 , Copper						
Paraffin oils	ACGIH See Further information Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; *: 2022 Adoption; L:								
		uld be carefully controlled to le	tation; *: 2022 Adoption; L: evels as low as possible.; A2:						
	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable particulate matter	5 mg/m3						
	Further information: URT irr: Upper Respiratory Tract irritation; A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen								
Silver	ACGIH		0.1 mg/m3						
	Further information: argyria								
	2000/39/EC	TWA	0.1 mg/m3						
	Further information: Indicati		0.4						
	GB EH40	TWA	0.1 mg/m3						
	three times the long-term ex								
	2006/15/EC	TWA	0.01 mg/m3 , Silver						
Tin	Further information: Indication ACGIH	TWA Inhalable fraction	2 mg/m3						
	(): Adopted values or notation the NIC; See Notice of Interest.		nich changes are proposed in						
	91/322/EEC	TWA	2 mg/m3,Tin						
	limited; Indicative	_	effects appear to be particularly						
	GB EH40	TWA	2 mg/m3 , Tin						
	GB EH40	STEL	4 mg/m3 , Tin						
	91/322/EEC	TWA	2 mg/m3 , Tin						
	Further information: Indicati	ive	<u>-</u>						
	GB EH40	TWA	2 mg/m3 , Tin						
	GB EH40	STEL	4 mg/m3 , Tin						

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Molybdenum disulfide	ACGIH	TWA Inhalable	10 mg/m3 ,
		particulate matter	Molybdenum
	ACGIH	TWA Respirable	3 mg/m3 ,
		particulate matter	Molybdenum
	GB EH40	TWA	10 mg/m3 ,
			Molybdenum
	GB EH40	STEL	20 mg/m3 ,
			Molybdenum

Derived No Effect Level

Copper metal powder

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute loc	Acute local effects		systemic ects	Long-term local effects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	
273 mg/kg	20 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	137 mg/kg	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
bw/day				bw/day				

Consumers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
137	20	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	137	n.a.	0.041	n.a.	n.a.
mg/kg bw/day	mg/m3				mg/kg bw/day		mg/kg bw/day		

Paraffin oils

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute lo	Acute local effects		n systemic ects	Long-term local effects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5 mg/m3	n.a.	5 mg/m3	n.a.	5 mg/m3	

Consumers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Silver

Workers

11011010								
Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		•	n systemic ects	Long-term local effects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.1 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	

Consumers

Acute	systemic e	effects	Acute lo	,		•	rm local ects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation

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n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.04	1.2	n.a.	n.a.
						mg/m3	mg/kg		
							bw/day		

Tin

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
133.3	11.75	n.a.	n.a.	133.3	11.75	n.a.	n.a.
mg/kg	mg/m3			mg/kg	mg/m3		
bw/day				bw/day			

Consumers

Acute systemic effects			Acute local effects Long-term systemic effects		c effects	Long-term local effects			
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
80 mg/kg	3.476	80 mg/kg	n.a.	n.a.	80 mg/kg	3.476	80 mg/kg	n.a.	n.a.
bw/day	mg/m3	bw/day			bw/day	mg/m3	bw/day		

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Copper metal powder

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	7.8 µg/l
Marine water	5.2 μg/l
Sewage treatment plant	230 μg/l
Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg
Marine sediment	676 mg/kg
Soil	65 mg/kg

Silver

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0.04 μg/l
Sewage treatment plant	0.025 mg/l
Marine water	0.86 μg/l
Fresh water sediment	438.13 mg/kg
Marine sediment	438.13 mg/kg
Soil	0.794 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process.

Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state solid (20 °C,)

Form paste

Colour bronze

Odour none

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point Melting point/range: No data available

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range: Not applicable

Flammability Gases/Solids

Not classified as a flammability hazard

Liquids

No data available

Lower explosion limit and upper explosion limit / flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

No data available

Flash point Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature Thermal decomposition

No data available

pH Not applicable

Viscosity, kinematic

Not applicable

Viscosity, dynamic

Not applicable

Solubility(ies) Water solubility

No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure Not applicable

Density and / or relative

density

Relative density

1.30

Relative vapour density

No data available

Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

9.2 Other information

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water,

emit flammable gases

The substance or mixture does not emit flammable gases

in contact with water.

Evaporation rate Not applicable

Molecular weight No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents. When heated to temperatures above 150 °C (300 °F) in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapours. Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapour concentrations within the occupational exposure limit for formaldehyde.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: 1-Butene.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for

classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Toxicity to reproduction assessment:

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for

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classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

Aspiration Hazard

Not classified

Not classified due to lack of data. / Not classified due to data which are conclusive although insufficient for classification.

Product test data not available. Refer to component data.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Copper metal powder

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

Acute toxicity estimate, 500 mg/kg Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

LD50, Rat, > 2,500 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 423 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Acute toxicity estimate, dust/mist, 0.733 mg/l Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.11 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 436 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight eye irritation.

May cause slight corneal injury.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment:

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In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, did not interfere with fertility.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

STOT - single exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

Paraffin oils

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea.

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

For similar material(s): LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Vapors are unlikely due to physical properties. Excessive exposure to mineral oil mist may cause lung injury (lipoid pneumonia).

Prolonged excessive exposure to mist may cause adverse effects. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat).

For similar material(s): LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight eye irritation.

May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

One type of mineral oil (CAS 8042-47-5) has caused skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Germ cell mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

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Available data are inadequate to evaluate carcinogenicity. IARC has classified untreated and mildly-treated mineral oils as Group 1 (sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in humans) and highly refined oils as Group 3 (not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity).

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment:

Relevant data not available.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Relevant data not available.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs after ingestion: Kidney.

Liver.

Spleen.

Excessive repeated exposure to mineral oil mist may produce lung injury.

Aspiration Hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Silver

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

For similar material(s): LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to dust.

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 5.16 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction in a small proportion of individuals.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No relevant data found.

Carcinogenicity

Available data are inadequate to evaluate carcinogenicity.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment:

No relevant data found.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Silver may cause the local or generalized discoloration of skin, mucous membranes, and eyes, called argyria.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Tin

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

LD50, Rat, female, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 4.75 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight eye irritation.

May cause slight corneal injury.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment:

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In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

Did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in laboratory animals.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Molybdenum disulfide

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Prolonged contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Germ cell mutagenicity

For similar material(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity to reproduction assessment:

No relevant data found.

Assessment Teratogenicity:

No relevant data found.

STOT - single exposure

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

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STOT - repeated exposure

No relevant data found.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Further information

No data available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

12.1 Toxicity

Copper metal powder

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 0.792 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae), 72 Hour, 0.333 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

Paraffin oils

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

LC50, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), > 100 mg/l

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), 96 Hour, > 10,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

For similar material(s):

EL50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 1,000 - 10,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

For similar material(s):

EL50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Silver

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), 96 Hour, 58 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), 96 Hour, 0.064 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 0.0062 - 0.401 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 0.0092 mg/l, Method Not Specified.

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, 0.0184 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 35 d, 0.0059 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC10, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0.00214 mg/l

Tin

Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

Toxicity to bacteria

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, 3 Hour, > 511 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 209

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Based on data from similar materials

NOEC, Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea), 7 d, 100 µg/l

Molybdenum disulfide

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

For similar material(s):

LC50, Fish, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

ErC50, algae, 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, 30 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

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Chronic toxicity to fish

Based on data from similar materials NOEC, Fish, 34 d, > 10 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials NOEC, Daphnia magna, 21 d, > 10 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Copper metal powder

Biodegradability: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

Biodegradability: Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

10-day Window: Pass **Biodegradation:** 82 % Exposure time: 24 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Silver

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Tin

Biodegradability: Biodegradation is not applicable.

Molybdenum disulfide

Biodegradability: Biodegradability is not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Copper metal powder

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Paraffin oils

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or

Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): > 3.5 Estimated.

Silver

Bioaccumulation: Not applicable

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 70 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 14 d

<u>Tin</u>

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Molybdenum disulfide

Bioaccumulation: Partitioning from water to n-octanol is not applicable.

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12.4 Mobility in soil

Copper metal powder

No relevant data found.

Paraffin oils

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000). Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

Silver

No relevant data found.

<u>Tin</u>

No relevant data found.

Molybdenum disulfide

No relevant data found.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Copper metal powder

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Paraffin oils

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Silver

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

<u>Tin</u>

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

Molybdenum disulfide

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Copper metal powder

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Paraffin oils

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Silver

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

<u>Tin</u>

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Molybdenum disulfide

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 UN number or ID number UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.(Silver)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)914.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards Silver

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazard Identification Number: 90

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

14.1 UN number or ID number UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.(Silver)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
9
III
Silver

14.6 Special precautions for user EmS: F-A, S-F

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO Consult IMO

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

instruments

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

14.1 UN number or ID number UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.(Silver)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 914.4 Packing group |||

14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct., Polymers are exempted from registration under REACH. All relevant starting materials and additives have been either registered, or are exempt from registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t 200 t

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - Calculation method Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411 - Calculation method

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Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this

document.

Legend

_090a	
2000/39/EC	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
2006/15/EC	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
91/322/EEC	Europe. Commission Directive 91/322/EEC on establishing indicative limit values
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
GB EH40	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
STEL	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
TWA	Limit Value - eight hours
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS -Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China: IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

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(Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR -(Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA -Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

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